Chemistry
Chapter 10 - Chemical Quantities

Name $\qquad$
Date $\qquad$

## Mole

- 1 moles of a substance = $\qquad$ representative particles of a substance.
- This is Avogadro's number
- Representative particles can be:

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ (2 nonmetals)
3. $\qquad$ (metals + nonmetals/polyatomics)
4. $\qquad$

Converting Moles to Particles $-1 \mathbf{~ m o l}=6.02 \times 10^{\mathbf{2 3}}$ particles

- Examples:
- How many atoms are there in 0.360 moles of silver?
- How many moles of magnesium is $1.25 \times 10^{23}$ atoms of magnesium?
- How many molecules are in 2.0 moles of chlorine gas?
- How many moles are in $3.7 \times 10^{25}$ formula units of potassium chloride?
- How many moles are contained in $4.65 \times 10^{24}$ molecules of nitrogen dioxide?

Converting Moles to Volume $-1 \mathbf{~ m o l}=\mathbf{2 2 . 4} \mathrm{L}$

- This relationship is only for gasses at $\qquad$
- Standard Temperature $=$ $\qquad$
- Standard Pressure = $\qquad$ or $\qquad$
- Examples:
- Determine the volume, in liters, of 0.60 mol sulfur dioxide gas at STP.
- 75 L of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas is how many moles?
- Determine the number of moles in 33.6 L of helium gas.
- What is the volume of $3.20 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~mol}$ carbon dioxide gas at STP?
- What volume, in liters, is 2.5 moles of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at STP ?


## Formula Mass (Molar Mass)

- The atomic mass (amu) of an element in grams is the $\qquad$ of a $\qquad$ of the element.
- To determine the molar mass of a compound you must start with a correct formula.
- Remember the rules for naming ionic, molecular and acidic compounds.
- Add up the masses of all atoms in the compound for the overall molar mass.
- Examples:
- Water
- Carbon dioxide
- Sodium bicarbonate
- Calcium fluoride
- Phosphorus trichloride
- Calcium sulfate


## Converting Moles to Grams $\mathbf{- 1} \mathbf{~ m o l}=$ molar mass

- You must find molar mass!
- Examples:
- How many grams are in 7.20 mol of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ?
- How many moles is 28 grams of ammonium phosphate?
- What is the mass of 9.45 mol of aluminum oxide?
- How many moles of iron(III) oxide are contained in 92.2 g of pure iron(III) oxide?
- How many grams is 0.29 mol of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ ?



## - Mixed Practice:

- Calculate the molar mass of:
- Sodium sulfate
- Zinc nitrate
- Convert the following:
- 125 g mercury (I) sulfate to moles
- $1.5 \times 10^{20}$ molecules of Fluorine gas to moles
- A sample of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ gas occupies 75.0 liters at standard conditions. How many molecules is this?
- 0.987 moles of dinitrogen trioxide to grams.
- 10.5 L of oxygen gas to grams.


## Percent Composition

- The relative amounts of each $\qquad$ in a $\qquad$ .
- Formula:

$$
\% \text { Mass of Element } \mathrm{E}=\underset{\text { Molar mass of compound }(\mathrm{g})}{\text { Mass of ement } \mathrm{E}(\mathrm{~g})} * 100
$$

- Examples:

1. $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8}$
2. HCN
3. Barium phosphate
4. When a $13.60-\mathrm{g}$ sample of a compound containing only magnesium and oxygen is decomposed, 5.40 g of oxygen is obtained. What is the percent composition of each element in this compound? Think about the formula for magnesium oxide ...
5. Calculate the percent nitrogen in these common fertilizers.

- $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
- $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$


## Empirical Formulas

- Gives the $\qquad$ whole number $\qquad$ of atoms (or moles of atoms) of the elements in a compound.
- Example: What is the empirical formula of a compound that is $\mathbf{2 5 . 9 \%} \mathbf{N}$ and $\mathbf{7 4 . 1 \%} O$ ?
- Steps to find:


1. Convert mass \% to grams.
(pretend you have 100 grams)

2. Divide by molar mass to get moles.

3. Divide answers from step 2 by smallest \# of moles.

4. Multiply to get smallest whole \#s. (if unnecessary, jump to step 5)
5. Write the empirical formula by putting answers to 3 or 4 as subscripts.

## - Practice:

- Determine the empirical formulas for the following:
- $79.9 \% \mathrm{C}, 20.1 \% \mathrm{H}$
- $67.6 \% \mathrm{Hg}, 10.8 \% \mathrm{~S}, 21.6 \%$ O
- $27.5 \% \mathrm{C}, 1.15 \% \mathrm{H}, 16.09 \% \mathrm{~N}, 55.17 \% \mathrm{O}$
- $94.1 \% \mathrm{O}, 5.9 \% \mathrm{H}$


## Molecular Formulas

- Either the same as the empirical formula, or a simple $\qquad$ multiple of the empirical formula.

| Comparison of Empirical and Molecular Formulas |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Formula (name) | Classification of formula | Molar mass |
| CH | Empirical | 13 |
| $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ (ethyne) | Molecular | $26(2 \times 13)$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ (benzene) | Molecular | $78(6 \times 13)$ |
| $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (methanal) | Empirical and Molecular | 30 |
| $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ (ethanoic acid) | Molecular | $60(2 \times 30)$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ (glucose) | Molecular | $180(6 \times 30)$ |

- Example: Calculate the molecular formula of a compound whose molar mass is $60.0 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ and the empirical formula is $\mathrm{CH}_{4} \mathrm{~N}$
- Steps to find:

1. Calculate/determine the empirical formula.
2. Determine the molar mass of the empirical formula.
3. Divide the molecular molar mass (usually given in the problem) given by the empirical molar mass.
4. Multiply the empirical formula subscripts by the value determined in step 3 .

- Practice:

1. What is the empirical formula of an unknown compound that has the percent composition of 47.0 \% potassium, $14.5 \%$ carbon, $38.5 \%$ oxygen.
2. If the true molar mass of the above compound is $166.22 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, what is its molecular formula?
3. A compound with an empirical formula of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{OH}_{4}$ has a molar mass of 88 grams per mole. What is the molecular formula of this compound?

## Chapter 10 Mixed Practice

- Convert the following:
- $2.0 \times 10^{23}$ molecules of oxygen gas (formula hint: it's a super 7!) to liters of gas at STP.
- 1.45 grams of calcium nitrate to formula units.
- 0.75 moles of sodium chloride to grams.
- Calculate the percent nitrogen in $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$, a common fertilizer.
- Determine the empirical formula for the following:
- $40.00 \% \mathrm{C}, 6.713 \% \mathrm{H}$, and $53.28 \% \mathrm{O}$ on a mass basis
- The empirical formula of adipic acid is $\mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$. What is the molecular formula if the molecular mass is $146 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ?

